A NOTE ON THE APPLICATION OF TOPOLOGICAL TRANSVERSALITY TO NONLINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN HILBERT SPACES

D. O'REGAN

ABSTRACT. In this paper we suggest a new method, via Topological Transversality, for examining nonlinear differential equations in Hilbert Spaces. Furthermore, we show how this analysis can be used to obtain existence of solutions to certain integro-differential equations.

1. Introduction. The theory of nonlinear differential equations in abstract spaces became popular in the 1970's and is still being studied in great depth. For a detailed account of the subject see Deimling [4], Lakshmikantham and Leela [12] and Martin [14]. In this paper we present a new approach via the Topological Transversality Theorem, to studying problems of the form

(1.1)
$$\begin{cases} y' = f(t, y), \ t \in [0, T] \\ y(0) = y_0. \end{cases}$$

Here y takes values in a real Hilbert space $(H, || \cdot ||), y_0 \in H$ and $f : [0, T] \times H \to H$ is continuous.

For notational purposes let $C^{1}([0,T],H)$ denote the space of continuously differentiable functions g on [0,T]. Now $C^{1}([0,T],H)$ with norm

$$||g||_{1} = \max\left\{\sup_{t \in [0,T]} ||y(t)||, \sup_{t \in [0,T]} ||y'(t)||\right\}$$
$$= \max\left\{||y||_{0}, ||y'||_{0}\right\}$$

is a Banach space. Similarly we define C([0,T], H). Finally, by a solution to (1.1) we mean a function $y \in C^1([0,T], H)$ together with y satisfying $y' = f(t, y), t \in [0,T]$, and $y(0) = y_0$.

Unlike the finite dimensional case, continuity assumptions on f alone will not guarantee even local existence; see Banas and Geobel [2]. In

Received by the editors on April 2, 1986 and in revised form on October 13, 1986.