

ON THE NONNEGATIVITY OF NORMAL HILBERT COEFFICIENTS OF TWO IDEALS

SHREEDEVI K. MASUTI AND J.K. VERMA

Dedicated to Professor Jürgen Herzog on the occasion of his 70th birthday

ABSTRACT. Let (R, \mathfrak{m}) be an analytically unramified local ring of dimension $d \geq 1$, and let I, J be \mathfrak{m} -primary ideals. Let $\bar{e}_{(i,j)}(I, J)$ be the coefficient of $(-1)^{d-(i+j)} \binom{x+i-1}{i} \binom{y+j-1}{j}$ of the normal Hilbert polynomial of I and J . In this paper we prove that $\bar{e}_{(i,j)}(I, J)$ are nonnegative for $i+j \geq d-3$ in Cohen-Macaulay local rings. We also prove that, if $i+j = d-1$, then $\bar{e}_{(i,j)}(I, J)$ are nonnegative in unmixed local rings.

1. Introduction. Let R be a commutative ring and I an ideal of R . We say that $x \in R$ is integral over I if x satisfies

$$x^n + a_1 x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_n = 0$$

for some $a_i \in I^i, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. The set \bar{I} of elements that are integral over I is an ideal, called the *integral closure* of I . A Noetherian local ring (R, \mathfrak{m}) is called *analytically unramified* if its \mathfrak{m} -adic completion is reduced. For an \mathfrak{m} -primary ideal I in an analytically unramified local ring R of dimension d , there exist uniquely determined integers $\bar{e}_0(I), \dots, \bar{e}_d(I)$ such that, for large n ,

$$\lambda(R/\bar{I}^{n+1}) = \bar{e}_0(I) \binom{n+d}{d} - \bar{e}_1(I) \binom{n+d-1}{d-1} + \cdots + (-1)^d \bar{e}_d(I),$$

where λ denotes length [10, Theorem 1.4] and [11, Theorem 1.1]. Bhattacharya [1, Theorem 8] showed that, for \mathfrak{m} -primary ideals I and J in a Noetherian local ring (R, \mathfrak{m}) of dimension d , there exist integers $e_{(i,j)}(I, J)$ such that, for large r, s ,

$$\lambda(R/I^r J^s) = \sum_{i+j \leq d} (-1)^{d-(i+j)} e_{(i,j)}(I, J) \binom{r+i-1}{i} \binom{s+j-1}{j}.$$

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