

THE CAUCHY FUNCTION FOR n TH ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS

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In this paper we will be concerned with the Cauchy function for the n th order linear difference equation

$$(1) \quad Ly(t) \equiv \sum_{i=0}^n p_i(t)y(t+i) = 0$$

where t is an integer variable, and we assume that

$$p_0(t)p_n(t) \neq 0,$$

for all integers t . We assume the coefficients $p_i(t)$, $0 \leq i \leq n$, are real valued functions defined on the integers. The Cauchy function $K(t, s)$, for each fixed integer s , is defined to be the solution of the initial value problem (1),

$$\begin{aligned} K(s+k, s) &= 0, & 1 \leq k \leq n-1, \\ K(s+n, s) &= \frac{1}{p_n(s)}. \end{aligned}$$

Let a be an integer. Then it is well known that the solution for the initial value problem,

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=0}^n p_i(t)y(t+i) &= f(t), & t \geq a \\ y(a+k) &= 0, & 0 \leq k \leq n-1 \end{aligned}$$

is given by

$$y(t) = \sum_{s=a}^{t-1} K(t, s)f(s).$$

Assume that we can factor (1) in the form

$$Ly(t) = MNy(t) = 0$$

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