

**BOUNDEDNESS IN NONLINEAR FUNCTIONAL
DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WITH APPLICATIONS
TO VOLTERRA INTEGRODIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

YOUSSEF N. RAFFOUL

ABSTRACT. Non-negative definite Lyapunov functions are employed to obtain sufficient conditions that guarantee boundedness of solutions of nonlinear functional differential systems. The theory is illustrated with several examples.

1. Introduction. In this paper, we make use of non-negative definite Lyapunov functions and obtain sufficient conditions that guarantee the boundedness of all solutions of the system of functional differential equations

$$(1.1) \quad x'(t) = G(t, x(s); 0 \leq s \leq t) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} G(t, x(\cdot))$$

where $x \in \mathbf{R}^n$, $G : \mathbf{R}^+ \times \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^n$ is a given nonlinear continuous function in t and x . For a vector $x \in \mathbf{R}^n$ we take $\|x\|$ to be the Euclidean norm of x . Let $t_0 \geq 0$, then for each continuous function $\phi : [0, t_0] \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^n$, there is at least one continuous function $x(t) = x(t, t_0, \phi)$ on an interval $[t_0, I]$ satisfying (1.1) for $t_0 \leq t \leq I$ and such that $x(t, t_0, \phi) = \phi(t)$ for $0 \leq t_0 \leq I$. It is assumed that at $t = t_0$, $x'(t)$ is the right hand derivative of $x(t)$. For conditions ensuring existence, uniqueness and continuability of solutions of (1.1), we refer the reader to [2] and [5].

In [10], the author studied the boundedness of solutions of the initial value problem

$$\begin{aligned} x'(t) &= G(t, x(t)); \quad t \geq 0 \\ x(t_0) &= x_0 \end{aligned}$$

by making use of non-negative definite Lyapunov functions.

Received by the editors on March 31, 2004.
2000 AMS *Mathematics Subject Classification*. Primary 34C11, 34C35, 34K15.
Key words and phrases. Nonlinear differential system, boundedness, uniform boundedness, Lyapunov functionals, Volterra integrodifferential equations.