THE TRACIAL RANK FOR CROSSED PRODUCTS BY FINITE GROUP ACTIONS

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ABSTRACT. We define the second tracial Rokhlin property for finite group actions. Let A be an infinite dimensional finite separable unital C^* -algebra and let $\alpha:G\to \operatorname{Aut}(A)$ be an action of a finite group G on A which has the second tracial Rokhlin property. Suppose that A is α -simple. If A is an AF-algebra, we prove that the tracial rank of the crossed product $A\times_{\alpha}G$ is zero. If A is an AT-algebra with the (SP)-property, we prove that the tracial rank of the crossed product $A\times_{\alpha}G$ is no more than one.

1. Introduction. The concept of the tracial rank of C^* -algebras was introduced by Lin [11]. The purpose to introduce the rank was motivated by the Elliott program of classification of nuclear C^* -algebras. C^* -algebras with tracial rank no more than k for some $k \in \mathbb{N}$ are C^* -algebras that can be approximated by C^* -subalgebras in $\mathcal{I}^{(k)}$ in trace (or in "measure"). The C^* -algebras of real rank zero can be determined by K-theory and hence can be classified. For example, Lin proved that if a simple separable amenable unital C^* -algebra A has tracial rank zero and satisfies the Universal Coefficient theorem, then A is a simple AH-algebra with slow dimension growth and with real rank zero [12, 14].

The concept of the Rokhlin property in ergodic theory was adopted to the context of von Neumann algebras by Connes [2]. Then the Rokhlin property was adopted to the context of UHF-algebras by Herman and Ocneanu [7]. Rødam [19] and Kishimoto [9] introduced the Rokhlin property to a much more general context of C^* -algebras. More recently, Phillips, Osaka and Lin et al. studied integer group or finite group actions which satisfy certain types of Rokhlin property on some C^* -

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