

THE FIRST COHOMOLOGY GROUP OF MODULE EXTENSION BANACH ALGEBRAS

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ABSTRACT. Let A be a Banach algebra and X a Banach A -bimodule. Then $S = A \oplus X$, the l_1 -direct sum of A and X becomes a module extension Banach algebra when equipped with the algebra product $(a, x).(a', x') = (aa', ax' + xa')$. In this paper we compute the first cohomology group $H^1(S, S)$ for module extension Banach algebras S . Also we obtain results on n -weak amenability of commutative module extension Banach algebras. We have shown that there are many different examples of non- n -weakly amenable Banach algebras.

1. Introduction. Let A be a Banach algebra and X a Banach A -bimodule. A derivation from A into X is a bounded linear map satisfying

$$D(ab) = a.(Db) + (Da).b \quad (a, b \in A).$$

For each $x \in X$ we denote by ad_x the derivation $D(a) = ax - xa$, for all $a \in A$, called an inner derivation. We denote by $Z^1(A, X)$ the space of all derivations from A into X , and by $B^1(A, X)$ the space of all inner derivations from A into X . The first cohomology group of A with coefficients in X , denoted by $H^1(A, X)$, is the quotient space $Z^1(A, X)/B^1(A, X)$. This first cohomology group of a Banach algebra gives vast information about the structure of A . If X is a Banach A -bimodule, X^* (the dual space of X) is an A -bimodule as usual. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$, the set of non-negative integers. A Banach algebra A is called amenable if $H^1(A, X^*) = 0$ for every A -bimodule X . A Banach algebra A is called n -weakly amenable (weakly amenable in case $n = 1$) if $H^1(A, A^{(n)}) = 0$, where $A^{(n)}$ is the n -th dual space of A and $A^{(0)} = A$ (cf. [3]). In [5, 6] the authors have calculated the first cohomology group of a class of Banach algebras which they called *triangular Banach algebras*.

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