## SWEEPING MEASURES FROM THE POLYDISC TO THE TORUS

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Let  $A(\Delta^n)$  be the polydisc algebra consisting of functions continuous on the closed polydisc,  $\Delta^n$ , and analytic on the interior. The distinguished boundary of the polydisc is the *n*-dimensional torus,  $T^n$ . This is a compact connected Abelian group. Its dual is  $Z^n$ , the cross product of *n* copies of the integers. Let  $Z^{n}_+$  be the set of all  $\alpha \in Z^n$ with  $\alpha_i \in Z_+$  for  $1 \leq i \leq n$ . Let  $A(T^n)$  be the algebra of continuous functions on  $T^n$  whose Fourier series vanish off  $Z^{n}_+$ . Theorem 2.2.1 in *Function Theory in Polydiscs* by Walter Rudin [4] shows that  $A(\Delta^n)$  and  $A(T^n)$  are in one-to-one correspondence. The element in  $A(T^n)$  corresponding to  $f \in A(\Delta^n)$  is denoted by  $f^*$ .

Let  $\mu$  be a measure on  $\Delta^n$ . The measure,  $\mu$ , can be considered as a linear functional on  $A(\Delta^n)$  and hence on  $A(T^n)$ . The linear functional can be extended to a linear functional on  $C(T^n)$ . This linear functional gives a measure,  $\sigma$ , defined on  $T^n$  such that

$$\int_{\Delta^n} f d\,\boldsymbol{\mu} = \int_{T^n} f^* \, d\boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

for every  $f \in A(\Delta^n)$ . The theorem below gives a construction method of finding the measure  $\sigma$ . In one variable a similar construction was given by Rubel and Shields [3].

**THEOREM.** Let  $\mu$  be a measure defined on  $\Delta^n$  then a measure  $\sigma$  can be constructed on  $T^n$  such that  $\int_{\Delta^n} f d\mu = \int_{T^n} f^* d\sigma$  for all  $f \in A(\Delta^n)$ .

**PROOF.** Let  $\mu$  be a measure on  $\Delta^n$ . Then  $\mu = \mu_T + \mu_0 + \mu_I$ , where  $\mu_T$  is the restriction of  $\mu$  to  $T^n$ ,  $\mu_0$  is the restriction of  $\mu$  to the open polydisc,  $U^n$  and  $\mu_I$  is the restriction of  $\mu$  to the indistinguished boundary.

Consider first  $\mu_0^{\bullet}$ . Look at

$$\int_{U^n} f(z) d\mu_0(z)$$
  
=  $\int_{U^n} \int_{T^n} f^*(t) P(r, \theta - t) dm(t) d\mu_0(r, \theta)$ 

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