

BOUNDARY BEHAVIOR OF THE LAYER POTENTIALS FOR THE TIME FRACTIONAL DIFFUSION EQUATION IN LIPSCHITZ DOMAINS

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ABSTRACT. This paper investigates the boundary behavior of layer potentials for the time fractional diffusion equation (TFDE) in Lipschitz domains. The paper is a continuation of [9]. Since now the boundary of the spatial domain Ω admits only Lipschitz smoothness, we have to replace the classical technique used in [9] with a more delicate harmonic analysis technique.

We prove that certain nontangential maximal functions related to the layer potentials are bounded in $L^p(\Sigma_T)$, which in particular implies the usual jump relations known for the heat equation. Although the results are well known in the case of the heat potential corresponding to the case $\alpha = 1$, the proofs of the same properties seem not to be available in the case $0 < \alpha < 1$.

1. Introduction. We study the boundary behavior of layer potentials for the time fractional diffusion equation

$$(1) \quad \begin{aligned} \partial_t^\alpha \Phi - \Delta \Phi &= 0, & \text{in } Q_T = \Omega \times (0, T), \\ \Phi &= g, & \text{on } \Sigma_T = \Gamma \times (0, T) \\ \Phi(x, 0) &= 0, & x \in \Omega, \end{aligned}$$

where $\Omega \subset \mathbf{R}^n$ is a bounded domain with Lipschitz boundary Γ and

$$(2) \quad \partial_t^\alpha u(t) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\alpha)} \int_0^t (t-\tau)^{-\alpha} u'(\tau) d\tau$$

is the fractional Caputo time derivative of order $0 < \alpha \leq 1$. For $\alpha = 1$ the fractional derivative is interpreted as the limit $\lim_{\alpha \uparrow 1} \partial_t^\alpha u(t)$, which coincides with the usual time derivative $du(t)/dt$ [8, page 68].

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