

## EXTENDED MODULES

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**Introduction.** Suppose  $R$  and  $S$  are local rings and  $(R, \mathfrak{m}) \rightarrow (S, \mathfrak{n})$  is a flat local homomorphism. Given a finitely generated  $S$ -module  $N$ , we say  $N$  is *extended* (from  $R$ ) provided there is an  $R$ -module  $M$  such that  $S \otimes_R M$  is isomorphic to  $N$  as an  $S$ -module. If such a module  $M$  exists, it is unique up to isomorphism (cf. [9, (2.5.8)]), and it is necessarily finitely generated.

The  $\mathfrak{m}$ -adic completion  $R \rightarrow \widehat{R}$  and the Henselization  $R \rightarrow R^h$  are particularly important examples. One reason is that the Krull-Remak-Schmidt uniqueness theorem holds for direct-sum decompositions of finitely generated modules over a Henselian local ring. Indeed, failure of uniqueness for general local rings stems directly from the fact that some modules over the Henselization (or completion) are not extended. Understanding which  $R^h$ -modules are extended is the key to unraveling the direct-sum behavior of  $R$ -modules.

Throughout, we assume that  $(R, \mathfrak{m})$  and  $(S, \mathfrak{n})$  are Noetherian local rings and that  $R \rightarrow S$  is a flat local homomorphism. Many of our results generalize easily to a mildly non-commutative setting. Moreover, it is not always necessary to assume that our rings are local. Thus, we assume that  $A$  is a commutative ring, that  $B$  is a faithfully flat commutative  $A$ -algebra, and that  $\Lambda$  is a module-finite  $A$ -algebra.

Given a finitely generated left  $B \otimes_A \Lambda$ -module  $N$ , we say that  $N$  is *extended* (from  $\Lambda$ ) provided there is a finitely generated left  $\Lambda$ -module  $M$  such that  $B \otimes_A M$  is isomorphic to  $N$  as a  $B \otimes_A \Lambda$ -module.

In Sections 1 and 2 of the paper, we examine how the extended modules sit inside the family of all finitely generated modules. In Sections 3 – 4 we consider rings of dimension 2 and 1, respectively, find

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The research of W. Hassler was supported by the Fonds zur Förderung der Wissenschaftlichen Forschung, project number P20120-N18. Wiegand's research was partially supported by NSA Grant H98230-05-1-0243.

Received by the editors on June 10, 2008, and in revised form on September 6, 2008.