

Homotopy genus of BU and the Bott map

By

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1. Introduction

The homotopy genus of a nilpotent finite CW-complex X is defined as follows ([5], [7]):

$$\{ [Y] \mid Y \simeq_p X \text{ for each prime } p \}.$$

The homotopy genus of certain spaces are computed, for example, the order of the homotopy genus of a classifying space of a compact connected Lie group is uncountable infinite. But the homotopy genus of $BU = BU(\infty)$ is not known yet. The purpose of this paper is to determine the homotopy genus of the pair of BU and the Bott map of BU . The main theorem below says that it is unique.

Theorem. *Let X be a pointed of finite type simply connected CW-complex equipped with a map $\lambda : S^2 \wedge X \rightarrow X$ and a homotopy equivalences $h_p : X_{(p)} \rightarrow BU_{(p)}$ for each prime p such that they satisfy the following homotopy commutative diagram*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (S^2 \wedge X)_{(p)} & \xrightarrow{1 \wedge h_p} & (S^2 \wedge BU)_{(p)} \\ \lambda_{(p)} \downarrow & & \downarrow \beta_{(p)} \\ X_{(p)} & \xrightarrow{h_p} & BU_{(p)}, \end{array}$$

where $\beta : S^2 \wedge BU \rightarrow BU$ is the Bott map. Then we have a homotopy equivalence $h : X \xrightarrow{\sim} BU$ which satisfies the following homotopy commutative diagram.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S^2 \wedge X & \xrightarrow{1 \wedge h} & S^2 \wedge BU \\ \lambda \downarrow & & \downarrow \beta \\ X & \xrightarrow{h} & BU \end{array}$$