PSEUDOHOLOMORPHIC CURVES AND MULTIPLICITY OF HOMOCLINIC ORBITS

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1. Introduction. Let M be a compact smooth manifold of dimension n. If we equip M with a Riemannian metric, we get a 1-form θ on the tangent bundle $TM \to^{\tau} M$ which we write in geodesic normal coordinates (q_i, p_i) as

$$\theta = \sum_{i} p_{i} dq_{i}$$

and $\omega := -d\theta$ is then a symplectic form on TM.

To ω and the Riemannian metric $\langle \ , \ \rangle$ we associate an almost complex structure J satisfying

$$\omega(J\cdot,\cdot)=\langle\cdot,\cdot\rangle.$$

Let $H \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R} \times TM, \mathbb{R})$, 1-periodic in time, satisfy the following assumptions.

(H1) There exists an $x_0 = (q_0, 0) \in TM$ such that

$$H(t, x_0) = 0$$
, $H'(t, x_0) = 0$ for all t ,
$$H(t, q_0, p) \ge 0$$
 for all t , p ,
$$H(t, q, 0) < 0$$
 for all $q \ne q_0$.

(H2) Let $M(t) \in \mathcal{M}_{2n}(\mathbb{R})$ be the solution of the linearized system

$$\frac{dM}{dt} = J(x_0)H''(t, x_0)M,$$

$$M(0) = I$$
.

Then M(1) has no eigenvalue of modulus 1.

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