

# p-ADIC HYPERGEOMETRIC FUNCTIONS AND THEIR COHOMOLOGY

S. SPERBER

## O. Introduction

The present work is a generalization to higher dimensions of some recent work of Dwork [11]. In [11], Dwork shows that the same essential techniques used earlier [5] to construct a p-adic cohomology theory for hypersurfaces may also be used to associate cohomology spaces to the p-adic Bessel function. The eigenvalues of the Frobenius action on cohomology are related [5] to exponential sums over finite fields basically by Dwork's trace formula [4], the starting point for his p-adic study of the zeta-function. Let us fix notation. For any Laurent-polynomial,  $g(t) \in \mathbb{F}_q[t_1, \dots, t_n, (t_1 \cdots t_n)^{-1}]$ , denote by  $S_m(g)$  the following exponential sum

$$S_m(g) = \sum \exp \left( \frac{2\pi i}{p} \text{Tr}_m g(t) \right)$$

where  $\text{Tr}_m : \mathbb{F}_{q^m} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_p$  ( $p = \text{char } \mathbb{F}_q$ ) is the absolute trace and the sum runs over all n-tuples,  $(t_1, \dots, t_n) \in (\mathbb{F}_{q^m}^*)^n$ . Denote by  $L(g, s)$  the associated L-series

$$L(g, s) = \exp \left( \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{S_m(g) s^m}{m} \right)$$

This L-function is rational and may be written

$$L(g, s) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^r (1 - s \eta_i)}{\prod_{i=1}^{r'} (1 - s \omega_i)}$$

or equivalently

$$S_m(g) = \omega_1^m + \dots + \omega_{r'}^m - \eta_1^m - \dots - \eta_r^m.$$

In the case of the Bessel function, the exponential sum in question is the Kloosterman sum,  $S_m(f_a^{(1)})$ , where  $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}_q$ ,  $f_a^{(1)}$  is the Laurent polynomial,  $f_a^{(1)}(t) = t + (a/t)$ , and  $L(f_a^{(1)}, s)^{(-1)^{n+1}}$  is a quadratic polynomial whose reciprocal roots  $\{\gamma_i\}_{i=1}^2$  are the eigenvalues of Frobenius acting on the Dwork cohomology space. In [21], Weil derives from his result, the Riemann hypothesis for curves, sharp estimates for the complex size of the Kloosterman sum. In

Received March 26, 1976. Revision received March 11, 1977.