

THE ACTION OF FREE G -BORDISM ON G -BORDISM

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§1. Introduction. In this note, we show, for finite abelian groups G , that G -bordism algebras are algebras over the Hopf algebra of free G -bordism. For example, if $N_*(G)$ and $\hat{N}_*(G)$ denote the G -bordism of closed manifolds with unrestricted isotropy subgroups and free actions respectively, then there is a module pairing

$$\Pi : \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes_{N_*} N_*(G) \rightarrow N_*(G)$$

and, if Δ denotes the coproduct of $\hat{N}_*(G)$, then the following diagram commutes:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes (N_*(G) \otimes N_*(G)) & \xrightarrow{1 \otimes \text{mult.}} & \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes N_*(G) \\ \downarrow \Delta \otimes 1 \otimes 1 & & \downarrow \Pi \\ \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes N_*(G) \otimes N_*(G) & & N_*(G) \\ \downarrow 1 \otimes \text{twist} \otimes 1 & & \uparrow \text{mult.} \\ \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes N_*(G) \otimes \hat{N}_*(G) \otimes N_*(G) & \xrightarrow{\Pi \otimes \Pi} & N_*(G) \otimes N_*(G). \end{array}$$

(All tensor products will be over N_* , the unoriented bordism ring.)

In §2, we define the pairing Π for slightly more general G -bordism modules and show that most of the N_* -structures and homomorphisms of [8] can be extended over $\hat{N}_*(G)$. In §3 we show that these modules are, in fact, algebras and that $\hat{N}_*(G)$ acts on the multiplicative structure via its coproduct. In §4 we look at the example $G = \mathbb{Z}_2$, compute some structure and, as an application, characterize the image of $N_*(S^1)$ in $N_*(\mathbb{Z}_2)$.

The general reference for the first two sections is [8] and for the last section, [7].

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§2. Preliminaries on G -bordism. Let G be a finite abelian group. $N_*(G)(\mathfrak{F}, \mathfrak{F}')$ will denote the N_* -module of bordism classes of compact smooth manifolds (with boundary) with G action with isotropy subgroups in the pair of families $(\mathfrak{F}, \mathfrak{F}')$ of subgroups of G .

Specifically, the definitions are:

1. A collection \mathfrak{F} of subgroups of G is a "family" if whenever H is in \mathfrak{F} and K is a subgroup of H , then K is in \mathfrak{F} .

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