

SELF-ADJOINT, NON-OSCILLATORY SYSTEMS OF ORDINARY, SECOND ORDER, LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

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Introduction. A theorem of A. Kneser [5; 183–191] implies that if the differential equation

$$(i) \quad x'' + f(t)x = 0$$

is non-oscillatory on $0 \leq t < \infty$ by virtue of the condition $f(t) \leq 0$, then there exists a *principal* solution $x = y(t) \not\equiv 0$ which is unique up to constant factors and has the property that if $x = x(t)$ is any *non-principal* solution, that is, any solution linearly independent of $y(t)$, then

$$(ii) \quad y(t)/x(t) \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{as} \quad t \rightarrow \infty;$$

in fact,

$$(iii) \quad |y(t)| \leq \text{Constant} \quad \text{and} \quad |x(t)| \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{as} \quad t \rightarrow \infty.$$

Furthermore,

$$(iv) \quad \int_0^\infty dt/y^2(t) = \infty \quad \text{and} \quad \int_0^\infty dt/x^2(t) < \infty.$$

It turns out that, whether or not $f(t) \leq 0$, the assertions concerning (ii) and (iv), but not (iii), are true whenever (1) is non-oscillatory. This fact was proved in [6; 254–256]; cf. also [1; 703] and [3; 480–483], where the existence of the proof in [6] was unfortunately overlooked. (As to the assertion (iii) when the condition $f(t) \leq 0$ is dropped, cf. [2; 633–645].) The existence and properties of a principal solution are easily transferred from (i) to an arbitrary non-oscillatory, self-adjoint equation

$$(v) \quad (p(t)x')' + f(t)x = 0, \quad p(t) > 0.$$

The object of this paper is to extend the notion of a principal solution $x = y(t)$ belonging to a non-oscillatory, scalar equation (i) to that of a principal solution belonging to a non-oscillatory (cf. [8; 313]), self-adjoint system of equations, say

$$(vi) \quad x'' + F(t)x = 0,$$

where x is a vector and $F(t)$ is an Hermitian matrix.

The results are known [10] in the analogue of the case treated by Kneser, that is, when $F = F^*$ is real and non-positive definite or, more generally, if

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