

# NEW GEOMETRICAL CHARACTERIZATIONS OF SOME SPECIAL CONJUGATE NETS

BY CHUAN-CHIH HSIUNG

**1. Introduction.** Let  $N_x$  be a conjugate net with parameters  $u, v$  on an analytic proper surface  $S$  in ordinary space, and let  $x_{-1}, x_1$  be respectively the ray-points, or Laplace transformed points, of a general point  $P_x$  of the surface  $S$  with respect to the  $v$ -curve and the  $u$ -curve of the conjugate net  $N_x$ . As  $u, v$  vary the loci of the points  $x_{-1}, x_1$  are two surfaces  $S_{-1}, S_1$  on which the parametric curves form two conjugate nets  $N_{-1}, N_1$ , which are called as usual the minus-first and first Laplace transformed nets of  $N_x$ , respectively. The purpose of the present paper is to give new geometrical characterizations of the conjugate net  $N_x$  in some special cases by introducing two quadrics, called *the associated quadrics at the point  $P_x$  of the conjugate net  $N_x$* , one of which has contact of the second order with the surface  $S_{-1}$  at the point  $x_{-1}$  and contact of the first order with the surface  $S_1$  at the point  $x_1$ , and the other has similar properties with the roles of  $u, v$  interchanged.

**2. The associated quadrics.** Let  $N_x$  be a conjugate net with parameters  $u, v$  on an analytic proper surface  $S$  in ordinary space. For the sake of convenience we take the conjugate net  $N_x$  on the surface  $S$  as parametric, so that the projective homogeneous coördinates  $x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(4)}$  of a point  $P_x$  on the surface  $S$  can be given as analytic functions of the two independent variables  $u, v$  by equations of the form

$$(1) \quad x = x(u, v).$$

The four coördinates  $x$  and the four coördinates  $y$  of the point  $P_y$  which is the harmonic conjugate of the point  $P_x$  with respect to the foci of the axis of the point  $P_x$  satisfy a system of partial differential equations of the form [2; 138]

$$\begin{aligned} x_{uu} &= px + \alpha x_u + Ly, \\ (2) \quad x_{uv} &= cx + ax_u + bx_v, \\ x_{vv} &= qx + \delta x_v + Ny \end{aligned} \quad (LN \neq 0),$$

subscripts indicating partial differentiation and the coefficients being functions of  $u, v$  which satisfy certain integrability conditions. It is easy to verify that

$$(3) \quad y_u = fx - nx_u + sx_v + Ay, \quad y_v = gx + tx_u + nx_v + By,$$

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