

## On the Primary Difference of Two Frame Functions in a Riemannian Manifold.

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In a previous paper\* we have expressed the Stiefel characteristic classes in terms of the forms  $\Pi^r$  and  $\mathcal{Q}^r$ . Now, we intend to express the *deformation cochain* of two frame functions by these forms. We make clear the geometrical meaning of the proof of theorem given in the said paper, and we show that  $\Pi^r$  may be regarded as a form which represents the *primary difference*.

We shall use, throughout this paper, the same notations as in the preceding paper.

**1. The deformation cochain  $d(f_0, h, f_1)$ .** Let  $f_0$  and  $f_1$  be two cross-sections:  $K^r \rightarrow \mathfrak{B}^r$  ( $1 \leq r \leq n-1$ ), whose obstruction cocycles we denote by  $c(f_0)$  and  $c(f_1)$  respectively. Since  $\pi_i(Y^r) = 0$  for  $i < r$ , there exists a homotopy

$$h: f_0|K^{r-1} \simeq f_1|K^{r-1}.$$

The interval  $I$  is regarded as a cell complex consisting of one 1-cell  $I$  and the 0-cells 0 and 1. Let  $\bar{0}, \bar{1}$  be the generators of the group of 0-cochains with integral coefficients; and let  $\bar{I}$  denote a generator of the group of 1-cochains chosen so that  $\partial\bar{0} = -\bar{I}$ ,  $\partial\bar{1} = \bar{I}$ . We may regard naturally  $\mathfrak{B}^r \times I$  as a bundle over  $K^n \times I$ ; and a cross-section  $\varphi$  of the part of  $\mathfrak{B}^r \times I$  over the  $r$ -dimensional skeleton of  $K^n \times I$ , is constructed by

$$(1) \quad \begin{aligned} \varphi(x, 0) &= (f_0(x), 0), \quad \varphi(x, 1) = (f_1(x), 1) \quad \text{for } x \in K^r, \\ \varphi(x, t) &= (h(x, t), t) \quad \text{for } x \in K^{r-1}, t \in I. \end{aligned}$$

Then an obstruction cocycle  $c(\varphi)$  is defined. If we set

$$(2) \quad d(f_0, h, f_1) \times \bar{I} = (-1)^{r+1} \{c(\varphi) - c(f_0) \times \bar{0} - c(f_1) \times \bar{1}\},$$

the  $(r+1)$ -cochain  $d(f_0, h, f_1) \times \bar{I}$  of  $K^n \times I$  with coefficients in  $\pi_r$  is

\*) On the Stiefel characteristic classes of a Riemannian manifold, these Memoirs, this number. We shall quote the paper as "[1]".