## A duality theorem in Hopf algebras and its application to Morava K-theory of $B\mathbf{Z}/p^r$

By

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## 0. Introduction

Let  $E^*()$  be a complex orientable theory. Then choosing an orientation class  $x \in E^2(BS^1)$ , we have an isomorphism  $E^*(BS^1) \cong E_*[[x]]$ , where  $E_*$  is the coefficient ring. Let N be a natural number and let  $[N]x = x +_F \cdots +_F x$  (N times) be the N-sequence, where  $x +_F y = F(x, y)$  is the formal group law of the theory  $E^*$ . Note that [N]x is the Euler class of the standard  $S^1$ -bundle

$$S^1 \rightarrow B\mathbf{Z}/N \rightarrow BS^1$$

Therefore if [N] x is not a zero-divisor, from the Gysin sequence it follows that

$$E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N) \cong E_*[[x]]/([N]x).$$

Suppose that  $E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N)$  is a finitely generated free  $E_*$ -module. Then

$$E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N \times B\mathbf{Z}/N) \cong E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N) \otimes_{E_*} E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N)$$

and the product map  $m : B\mathbf{Z}/N \times B\mathbf{Z}/N \rightarrow B\mathbf{Z}/N$  imduces a ring homomorphism

$$m^*: E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N) \rightarrow E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N) \otimes_{E_*} E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N)$$

Thus  $E^*(B\mathbb{Z}/N)$  is a bicommutative Hopf algebra over  $E_*$  and so is its dual

 $\hom_{E_*}(E^*(B\mathbf{Z}/N), E_*).$ 

In this paper we shall study a duality between the algebraic groups of such Hopf algebras and their duals. For typical application we consider the *p*-adic Morava K(n)-theory. Let  $\overline{K(n)}^*()$  be the p-adic Morava K(n)-theory of period 2 so that the coefficient ring is

$$\overline{K(n)}_{*} = \mathbf{Z}_{p} [v_{n}, v_{n}^{-1}, t, t^{-1}] / (t^{p^{n-1}} - v_{n})$$

where deg t = 2 and  $\mathbf{Z}_{p}$  is the ring of p-adic integers. For a  $\mathbf{Z}_{p}$ -algebra R we define

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