## CHARACTERIZATION OF BANACH SPACES OF CONTINUOUS VECTOR VALUED FUNCTIONS WITH THE WEAK BANACH-SAKS PROPERTY

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## Introduction

A Banach space E is said to have the Banach-Saks property (resp. weak Banach-Saks property) if for every bounded sequence (resp. weakly convergent sequence)  $(x_n)$  in E, you can choose a subsequence  $(x'_n)$  of  $(x_n)$  such that the sequence

$$(y_n) = \left(\frac{x_1' + \cdots + x_n'}{n}\right)$$

converges in the E-norm.

We shall refer to these properties as the B.S.P. and the W.B.S.P.

It is known that a Banach space E with the B.S.P. is reflexive. So, it is clear that a C(K) space (being C(K), the Banach space of the continuous functions from K to  $\mathbf{R}$ , and being K, a compact Hausdorff space) has the B.S.P. iff K is finite.

Much more interesting in this context of C(K) spaces is the W.B.S.P. The following characterization of C(K) spaces with the W.B.S.P. is due essentially to N. Farnum (see [2]).

**THEOREM 1.** Let K be a compact Hausdorff space. Then C(K) possesses the W.B.S.P. if and only if

$$K^{(\omega)} = \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} K^{(n)} = \emptyset$$

where  $K^{(0)} = K$  and  $K^{(n)}$  is the set of all accumulation points of  $K^{(n-1)}$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

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