

RESOLVING MIXED HODGE MODULES ON CONFIGURATION SPACES

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If $\pi : X \rightarrow S$ is a continuous map of locally compact topological spaces and n is a natural number, let X^n/S be the n th fibred power of X with itself. Let $F(X/S, n)$ be the configuration space whose fibre $F(X/S, n)_s$ over a point $s \in S$ is a configuration of n distinct points in the fibre X_s , or equivalently, the complement of the $\binom{n}{2}$ diagonals in X^n/S . Let $j(n) : F(X/S, n) \hookrightarrow X^n/S$ be the natural open embedding.

An essential role is played in this paper by the higher direct image with compact support $f_!$ (this is often written $Rf_!$) associated to a continuous map $f : X \rightarrow Y$. This is a functor from the derived category of sheaves of abelian groups on X to the derived category of sheaves of abelian groups on Y . For example, if Y is a point and \mathcal{F} is a sheaf on X , then $f_!\mathcal{F}$ is a complex of abelian groups whose cohomology is $H_c^*(X, \mathcal{F})$. If f is either a closed or an open embedding, $f_!$ takes sheaves on X to sheaves on Y . (See Section 1 of Verdier [22].)

Given a sheaf \mathcal{F} of abelian groups on X^n/S , we introduce a natural resolution $\mathcal{L}^\bullet(X/S, \mathcal{F}, n)$ of the sheaf $j(n)_!j(n)^*\mathcal{F}$ by sums of terms of the form $i(J)_!i(J)^*\mathcal{F}$. (Here, $i(J)$ is the closed embedding of a diagonal in X^n/S .) This resolution has the property that if \mathcal{F} is an \mathbb{S}_n -equivariant sheaf (where the symmetric group \mathbb{S}_n acts on X^n/S by permuting the factors in the fibred product), the resolution is \mathbb{S}_n -equivariant as well. For example, if $n = 2$, we have the exact sequence of sheaves

$$(0.1) \quad 0 \rightarrow j(2)_!j(2)^*\mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow i_!i^*\mathcal{F} \rightarrow 0,$$

where $i : X \hookrightarrow X^2/S$ is the diagonal embedding. When X is a Riemann surface, this resolution was introduced by Looijenga [13].

Let $\pi(n) : F(X/S, n) \rightarrow S$ and $\pi(n) : X^n/S \rightarrow S$ be the projections to S . (We denote them by the same symbol, since confusion is hardly likely to arise.) The objects $\pi(n)_!j(n)^*\mathcal{F}$ and $\pi(n)_!\mathcal{L}^\bullet(X/S, \mathcal{F}, n)$ are isomorphic in the derived category of sheaves on S . We use this isomorphism to calculate the \mathbb{S}_n -equivariant Euler characteristic of $\pi(n)_!j(n)^*\mathcal{F}$.

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