

WEIGHTED ESTIMATES FOR SINGULAR INTEGRALS VIA FOURIER TRANSFORM ESTIMATES

DAVID K. WATSON

In [KW1], D. Kurtz and R. Wheeden proved weighted estimates for homogeneous singular integral operators on \mathbf{R}^n which satisfy a “ L^r -Dini condition.” In this paper we show that the smoothness requirement of the L^r -Dini condition is in fact unnecessary. Moreover, we are able to broaden the family of singular integral operators substantially. This is done by a technique originally developed for Hilbert transforms along curves, using a Fourier transform estimate developed in [DR]. The proof continues the philosophy begun in [NRW] and continuing with refinements in [SWa], [NW], [CS], [C+], [DR], [C²VW²], [F], [N], and others that Fourier transform estimates may be used to substitute for smoothness requirements in singular integral estimates.

Throughout the paper, p' will denote the dual exponent to p , that is $1/p + 1/p' = 1$. We prove:

THEOREM 1. *Let $n \geq 2$, $1 < r < \infty$, and let $Tf(x) = p.v. f * k(x)$ for*

$$k(x) = h(|x|) \frac{\Omega(x)}{|x|^n}, \tag{1}$$

where Ω is homogeneous of degree 0 on \mathbf{R}^n , $\Omega \in L^r(\mathbf{S}^{n-1})$, Ω has average 0 on \mathbf{S}^{n-1} , and h is a measurable function on $(0, \infty)$ satisfying:

$$\int_R^{2R} |h(t)|^r dt \leq CR \quad \text{for all } R > 0. \tag{2}$$

Then T is bounded on $L^p(w)$,

$$\|Tf\|_{p,w} \leq B_{p,w} \|f\|_{p,w}, \tag{3}$$

in each of the following situations:

- (A) If $r' \leq p < \infty$, $p \neq 1$, and $w \in A_{p/r'}$, or
- (B) If $1 < p \leq r$, $p \neq \infty$, and $w^{-1/(p-1)} \in A_{p'/r'}$, or
- (C) If $1 < p < \infty$ and $w^{r'} \in A_p$, or
- (D) If $1 < p < \infty$, and $w = |x|^\beta$ for $\text{Max}\{-n, -np/r'\} < \beta < \text{Min}\{n(p-1), np/r'\}$.
In particular, when $r \geq 2$, then for $r' \leq p \leq r$, β lies in the maximum A_p range $-n < \beta < n(p-1)$.

Received June 9, 1989. Revision received September 5, 1989.