

THE DIMENSION OF $A[x]$

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Introduction. Let R be a commutative ring with identity. By $\dim R$ is meant the supremum of all n for which there is a chain

$$P_0 \subset P_1 \cdots \subset P_n$$

of prime ideals of R (\subset denotes strict inclusion). The height of a prime ideal P of R ($h(P)$) is defined to be $\dim R_P$, and the depth of a prime ideal P of R ($d(P)$) is defined to be $\dim R/P$. The present article deals with relations between $\dim A[x]$ and $\dim A$, where A is a noetherian domain of finite dimension and $A[x]$ is a domain which is a simple ring extension of A .

The following two results will be used repeatedly.

THEOREM 1. *A prime ideal P of a noetherian ring R has height $\leq m$ if and only if P is an isolated prime ideal of an ideal of R generated by m elements [1, Chapter 4, Theorems 30 and 31].*

THEOREM 2. *Let R be a ring, P and Q two prime ideals of R such that $P \subset Q$, R' an overring of R integral over R , and P' a prime ideal of R' lying over P . Then there exists a prime ideal Q' of R' containing P' and lying over Q [1, Chapter 5, Corollary to Theorem 3].*

PROPOSITION 3. *If $A[X]$ is the polynomial ring over A , then $\dim A[X] = \dim A + 1$.*

Remark. This proposition is well known, and what follows is probably the shortest proof.

Proof. If $\dim A = n$, then there is a chain of prime ideals

$$P_0 \subset P_1 \subset \cdots \subset P_n$$

of A . We get a chain of prime ideals

$$P_0A[X] \subset P_1A[X] \subset \cdots \subset P_nA[X] \subset P_nA[X] + (X)$$

of $A[X]$ of greater length yielding $\dim A[X] \geq n + 1$.

Let M be any maximal ideal of $A[X]$. Set $P = A \cap M$, and let $S = A - P$. The natural isomorphism of $A_s[X]$ onto $A[X]_S$ induces a homomorphism f :

$$A_s[X]/PA_s[X] \rightarrow A[X]_S/MA[X]_S.$$

But $A_s[X]/PA_s[X] \simeq (A_s/PA_s)[X]$, and A_s/PA_s is a field (the quotient field of A/P). Since $MA[X]_S$ is maximal in $A[X]_S$, the kernel of f must be generated

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