

In general if we wish to interpolate $i - 1$ values between w_0 and w_1 when i is neither five nor ten, w_1 can be exactly reproduced if some of the symbols are written in the scale of i . If $i = 12$, it is evident that we need two extra symbols, say t and e , to stand for ten and eleven respectively. If we wish to interpolate $i - 1$ values between w_0 and w_1 by the use of (4), in the computation each of u_x , s and s^2 except the given values should contain one more symbol than each given value contains, and the extra symbol should be written in the scale of i .

ERRATA

THE ANNALS OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

Volume VI, No. 3, September, 1935

The eleventh line on page 137 should read

$$u'_0 + 0 - u'_1 - 1 = \frac{1}{54} d_0 + \frac{5}{162} f_0.$$

In the sixth line from bottom of page 139, read s^2 's, i.e. the plural of s^2 .About the middle of page 141 the formula δu_3 should read

$$\delta u_3 = \frac{1}{6} (a_1 - 8 \delta^3 u_x) - \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 u_3.$$