

**DISTRIBUTION OF THE ORDINAL NUMBER OF SIMULTANEOUS
EVENTS WHICH LAST DURING A FINITE TIME¹**

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1. Introduction. The probability of drawing a white ball from an urn is p , and the complementary probability of getting a black ball is $(1 - p) = q$. One ball is drawn and returned during one time unit. When a white ball appears, the play is interrupted for k time units. Then it starts anew.

If it happens that at the n th time unit a white ball occurs, we ask for the probability $w(m; n, k, p)$ that it is the m th ball since the first beginning of the trials. We are interested in the mean $E(m)$ and in the variance $\text{Var}(m)$, and in simple approximations for $E(m/n)$ and $\text{Var}(m/n)$ when n is large.

2. The probability distribution. Let us start with the relative probabilities. If the first white ball appeared at the n th moment, $(n - 1)$ black balls preceded, which means that the relative probability is q^{n-1} . If it was the second white ball, the number of black balls was reduced by $(k + 1)$, k for one interruption of the play lasting k time units and 1 for the first white ball, which occurred with the probability p . The group of $[(n - 1) - (k + 1)]$ black balls may be broken into any two parts, including the case of one being empty. That makes $\binom{(n-1)-k}{1}$ possibilities. Therefore the relative probability for $m = 2$ is

$$(1) \quad q^{n-1} \binom{(n-1)-k(m-1)}{m-1} \left(\frac{p}{q^{k+1}}\right)^{m-1},$$

with $m = 2$. It is easy to verify step by step that the general formula is correct for $m = 1, 2, \dots, 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{k+1} \right\rfloor$. Hence the preliminary answer to our problem is

$$(2) \quad w(m; n, k, p) = \frac{1}{C} q^{n-1} \binom{(n-1)-k(m-1)}{m-1} \left(\frac{p}{q^{k+1}}\right)^{m-1},$$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, \dots,$$

$$m = 1, 2, \dots, 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{k+1} \right\rfloor,$$

where $[a]$ means the largest positive integer $\leq a$. The constant C has to be determined by

$$(3) \quad \sum_{m=1}^{1+\lfloor (n-1)/(k+1) \rfloor} w(m; n, k, p) = 1.$$

¹ Opinions or conclusions contained in this paper are those of the author. They are not to be construed as necessarily reflecting the views or endorsement of the Navy Department.

