

## SECTION ON THE SPECIAL YEAR FOR MATHEMATICS OF PLANET EARTH (MPE 2013)

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Dozens of research centers, foundations, international organizations and scientific societies, including the Institute of Mathematical Statistics, have joined forces to celebrate 2013 as a special year for the Mathematics of Planet Earth. In its five-year history, the *Annals of Applied Statistics* has been publishing cutting edge research in this area, including geophysical, biological and socio-economic aspects of planet Earth, with the special section on statistics in the atmospheric sciences edited by Fuentes, Guttorp and Stein (2008) and the discussion paper by McShane and Wyner (2011) on paleoclimate reconstructions [Stein (2011)] having been highlights.

As a prelude to the special year for the Mathematics of Planet Earth, and welcoming the concurrent International Year of Statistics, the December 2012 issue of the *Annals of Applied Statistics* features a special section dedicated to statistical aspects of the study of planet Earth. The section is comprised of ten papers that span the four themes of the special year, *A Planet to Discover*, *A Planet Supporting Life*, *A Planet Organized by Humans* and *A Planet at Risk*.

Three of the papers in this section relate to the history of planet Earth. Reitan, Schweder and Hendriks (2012) look into the deep past, studying time series of cell size evolution in marine algae, Erästö et al. (2012) merge distinct paleoclimate reconstructions, and Baggaley et al. (2012) consider population dynamics in the late Stone Age. Reich and Shaby (2012), Sigrist, Künsch and Stahel (2012), Cooley, Davis and Naveau (2012) and Jona-Lasinio, Gelfand and Jona-Lasinio (2012) study the atmosphere and the oceans of our planet, looking at output from regional climate models, short term predictions of precipitation, air pollutants and wave direction data, respectively. Biological aspects of planet Earth are addressed by Illian, Sørbye and Rue (2012) who consider rainforest ecosystems and the foraging behavior of a particularly popular inhabitant of our planet, the koala. Finally, Chiou (2012) and Lahiri et al. (2012) set out to solve problems of prediction and estimation, respectively, that arise in transportation engineering.

The challenges posed by a planet at risk have been a major driver in the development of statistical theory and methodology, and the papers in this special section document the use of state of the art techniques in addressing critical real world

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Received September 2012.

*Key words and phrases.* Mathematics of Planet Earth 2013.