

INTRODUCTION TO PAPERS ON THE MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF NETWORK DATA—II

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This issue of *The Annals of Applied Statistics* (Volume 4, No. 2) contains the second part of a Special Section on the topic of network modeling. The first part consisted of seven papers and appeared with a general introduction [Fienberg (2010)] in Volume 4, No. 1. In Part II we include a diverse collection of eight additional papers with applications spanning biological, informational and social networks, using techniques such as kriging and anomaly detection, and variational approximations, as well as the study of latent structure in both static and dynamical networks:

- In *A State-Space Mixed Membership Blockmodel for Dynamic Network Tomography*, Xing, Fu and Song combine earlier approaches involving mixed membership stochastic blockmodels for static networks with state-space models for trajectories and use the new dynamic modeling approach to analyze the Sampson's network of noviates in a monastery, the email communication network between the Enron employees and a rewiring gene interaction network of the life cycle of the fruit fly.
- In *Maximum Likelihood Estimation for Social Network Dynamics*, Snijders, Koskinen and Schweinberger develop a likelihood-based approach to network panel data with an underlying Markov continuous-time stochastic actor-oriented process. They use the new methods to reanalyze a friendship network between 32 freshman students in a given discipline at a Dutch university, observed over six waves at three-week intervals beginning at the start of the academic year.
- Xu, Dyer and Owen use a semi-supervised learning on network graphs in which response variables observed at one node are used to estimate missing values at other nodes, by exploiting an underlying correlation structure among nearby nodes. The methods they employ in *Empirical Stationary Correlations for Semi-supervised Learning on Graphs* are rooted in ideas about kriging emanating from geostatistics, and they compare their methods to ones proposed earlier using a data set containing the number of web links between UK universities in 2002, and the WebKB data set containing webpages collected from computer science departments of various US universities in 1997.
- In *Ranking Relations Using Analogies in Biological and Information Networks*, Silva, Heller, Ghahramani and Airoldi explore the problem of ranking relations