## TOPOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION OF INFINITE DIMENSIONAL MANIFOLDS BY HOMOTOPY TYPE<sup>1</sup>

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- 1. Introduction. In this paper we prove that if M and N are connected paracompact manifolds modeled on a normed TVS, F, such that F is homeomorphic ( $\cong$ ) to  $F^{\omega}$  (countably infinite product of F), then M and N are homeomorphic if and only if they have the same homotopy type. We also prove that if M and N are connected paracompact manifolds modeled on a metrizable locally-convex (MLC) TVS,  $F\cong F^{\omega}$ , then each map  $f: M \to N$  can be approximated by a closed embedding  $g: M \to N$  and an open embedding  $h: M \to N$  such that  $f \sim g \sim h$  (homotopic). These and other results will be proved on the basis of results in recent, not yet published, papers written separately by the authors. See [5], [6], and [7]. These results already have been proved for separable Fréchet spaces by several authors, see [4] for references.
- 2. **Theorems to quote.** By manifold we will always mean a paracompact manifold. By TVS we mean a Hausdorff topological vector space.
- S1. THEOREM [7]. If M is a manifold modeled on a metrizable TVS,  $F \cong F^{\omega}$ , then  $M \times F \cong M$ .

Let X and Y be spaces,  $\mathfrak U$  be an open cover of Y, and f,  $g: X \to Y$ . Then f and g are said to be  $\mathfrak U$ -approximate if for each  $x \in X$  there is a

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added in proof. This condition is satisfied by all infinite-dimensional Hilbert spaces, reflexive Banach spaces, and separable Fréchet spaces and is not known to be false for any Fréchet space. (See Bessaga and Kadec, On topological classification of (to appear).)