

# ON COVERING SURFACES OF A CLOSED RIEMANN SURFACE OF GENUS $p \geq 2$

MASATSUGU TSUJI

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1. Let  $F$  be a closed Riemann surface of genus  $p \geq 2$  spread over the  $z$ -plane. We cut  $F$  along  $p$  disjoint ring cuts  $C_i$  ( $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$ ) and let  $F_0$  be the resulting surface. We take infinitely many same samples as  $F_0$  and connect them along the opposite shores of  $C_i$  as in the well known way, then we obtain a covering surface  $F^{(\infty)}$  of  $F$ , which is of planar character. Hence by Koebe's theorem, we can map  $F^{(\infty)}$  conformally on a schlicht domain  $D$  on the  $\zeta$ -plane, whose boundary  $E$  is a non-dense perfect set, which is the singular set of a certain linear group of Schottky type. Myrberg<sup>1)</sup> proved:

THEOREM 1.  *$E$  is of positive logarithmic capacity.*

In another paper<sup>2)</sup>, I have proved:

THEOREM 2. *Every point of  $E$  is a regular point for Dirichlet problem.*

Hence  $F^{(\infty)}$  is of positive boundary and its Green's function  $G(z, z_0)$  tends to zero, when  $z$  tends to the ideal boundary of  $F^{(\infty)}$ . Now instead of cutting  $F$  along  $p$  ring cuts, we cut  $F$  along  $q$  ( $1 \leq q \leq p$ ) ring cuts  $C_i$  ( $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$ ) and let  $F_0$  be the resulting surface. We take infinitely many same samples as  $F_0$  and connect them along the opposite shores of  $C_i$  ( $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$ ), then we obtain a covering surface  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$  of  $F$ . Then I have proved in another paper<sup>3)</sup> the following extension of Theorem 1.

THEOREM 3.  *$F_{(1)}^{(\infty)}$  is of null boundary, while if  $q \geq 2$ ,  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$  is of positive boundary and there exists a non-constant bounded harmonic function on  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$ , whose Dirichlet integral is finite.*

In this paper, we shall prove the following extension of Theorem 2.

THEOREM 4. *The Green's function  $G(z, z_0)$  of  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$  ( $q \geq 2$ ) tends to zero, when  $z$  tends to the ideal boundary of  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$ .*

2. Let  $\emptyset$  be a non-compact subsurface of  $F_{(q)}^{(\infty)}$  ( $q \geq 2$ ) whose compact boundary

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