CONFORMAL MAPS OF ALMOST KAEHLERIAN MANIFOLDS

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(Received July 25, 1960)

Consider a campact Riemannian manifold M^{2} and let Γ be a connection 1. in the bundle of orthogonal frames over M whose homogeneous holonomy group is irreducible. Then, with respect to Γ every affine transformation is homothetic and hence an affine transformation with respect to the Riemannian connection γ . Since the largest connected group of affine transformations $A_{\eta}^{\nu}(M)$ with respect to γ coincides with the largest connected group $I_0(M)$ of isometries [3] it follows that the largest connected group $A_{\theta}^{r}(M)$ of affine transformations with respect to Γ consists of isometries. In particular, if M is an almost Kaehlerian manifold, $A_{1}^{p}(M)$ coincides with the largest connected group of automorphisms of the almost Kaehlerian structure provided the homogeneous holonomy group associated with Γ is irreducible. Now, an infinitesimal conformal transformation of a compact flat space is homothetic (hence isometric), and so it is an infinitesimal automorphism of the almost Kaehlerian structure. On the other hand, if the Ricci scalar curvature is a non-positive constant an infinitesimal conformal transformation is isometric and the same conclusion prevails.

For compact Kaehlerian manifolds M it is known that the largest connected Lie group $C_0(M)$ of conformal transformations coincides with the largest connected group $\widetilde{A}_0(M)$ of automorphisms of the Kaehlerian structure provided the topological dimension of M is greater than 2. If dim M = 2 it coincides with the largest connected group of analytic homeomorphisms [6]. The following theorem was recently proved [4]:

If M^{4k} is a 4k-dimensional compact almost Kaehlerian manifold then $C_0(M^{4k}) = \widetilde{A}_0(M^{4k})$.

It is one of the main purposes of this paper to extend this result so that it holds for all dimensions. We shall prove, in particular,

THEOREM 1. The largest connected Lie group of conformal transformations of a compact almost Kaehlerian manifold $M^{2n}(n > 1)$ coincides with the largest connected group of automorphisms of the almost Kaehlerian structure, that is $C_0(M^{2n}) = \widetilde{A}_0(M^{2n})$.

¹⁾ This research was supported by the United States Air Force Office of Scientific Research of the Air Research and Development Command, under Contract No. AF 49(638)-14.

²⁾ The manifolds, differential forms and tensorfields considered are assumed to be of class C^{∞} .