STRONG SEMICONTINUITY FOR UNBOUNDED OPERATORS

HYOUNGSOON KIM

ABSTRACT. Let A be a C^* -algebra and A^{**} its enveloping von Neumann algebra. Pedersen and Akemann developed four concepts of lower semi-continuity for elements of A^{**} . Later, Brown suggested using only three classes: strongly lsc, middle lsc and weakly lsc. In this paper we generalize the concept of strong semi-continuity to the case of unbounded operators affiliated with A^{**} . First, we identify our generalized strongly lsc elements with weak* lsc affine $(-\infty,\infty]$ -valued functions on Q(A) vanishing at 0, and then we generalize various results of the theory of strong semicontinuity. Also, we discuss some interpolation problems and examples.

- 1. Introduction. In [3], Akemann and G. Pedersen defined four concepts of semi-continuity for elements of A^{**} , the enveloping von Neumann algebra of a C^* -algebra A. Later, L. Brown [5] suggested using only three classes $\overline{A^m_{aa}}$, \tilde{A}^m_{sa} , and $(\tilde{A}^m_{sa})^-$, and named them strongly lsc, middle lsc and weakly lsc, respectively. There are also three corresponding concepts of continuity, where "continuous" means "both lower and upper semi-continuous": the strong, respectively middle, weakly, continuous elements are elements in A_{sa} , respectively, $M(A)_{sa}$, $QM(A)_{sa}$. (All these terms are explained in Section 2.) Then L. Brown asked three questions, each of which is three-fold.
- (Q1) Is every lsc element the limit of a monotone increasing net of continuous elements?
- (Q2) Is every positive lsc element the limit of a monotone increasing net of positive continuous elements?
- (Q3) If $h \ge k$, where h is lsc and k is usc, does there exist a continuous x such that $h \ge x \ge k$?

He provided reasonably satisfactory answers and made an extensive study on semi-continuity [5].

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